

Primary Sources

“Dartmouth College Library Bulletin.” *Cartoon Wait*.

This source contains information about the time period and events happening during the time period. The source offers different political opinions during the time period. It can be used to provide context about the time period and can provide information about different events that happened during Dr. Walker’s life.

“Dr. Mary Walker - The Medal of Honor.” *Rbhousemuseum.org*, Oswego County Historical Society, 2018.

This source has a picture of Dr. Walker's Medal of Honor. It also has the citation for her Medal. It has quotes from the ceremony when she received the medal that detail what she has done to receive such an award.

“Letter to Dr. Mary Walker from Rosa Sprig.” *Doctor or Doctress? | Explore American History through the Eyes of Women Physicians*,

This source has information on Dr. Walker's life and her contributions to women's rights. It also gives context on what other people thought of her because it is a letter to her from someone else. This can be used to describe the backlash she received for being such a radical as well as the praise she received from other activists.

“Letter to Lida Poynter from Elizabeth Stack.” *Doctor or Doctress? | Explore American History through the Eyes of Women Physicians*.

This source has information about what the public thought of Dr. Walker. It has information on her personality and good nature, and also has information about her contributions to society as a doctor and caregiver. This can be used to give context on her personality and her softer side rather than the more well known stubborn side.

“How Dr. Mary Is Remarkable.” *Doctor or Doctress? | Explore American History through the Eyes of Women Physicians*.

This source offers information on Dr. Walker's accomplishment as a medic and as an activist. It tells of her activism in women's rights and how she went to congress for reforms such as dress, women's suffrage and women's pension. It can be used to provide information on her life, her accomplishments and can be used to argue about her contributions to women's suffrage and her significance in history.

Walker, Mary E. "The Gilder Lehrman Institute of American History." *The Service of Medal of Honor Recipient Dr. Mary Walker, 1864* | Gilder Lehrman Institute of American History.

This source contains information on Dr. Walker's contributions to the Army and her capture by the confederates. It contains a photo of a letter from Dr. Walker to President Lincoln about her imprisonment. This source can be used to discuss her bravery and her strength in the Army.

Woman Suffrage: Hearings Before the Committee on the Judiciary . Washington Government Printing Office, 1912.

The book contains information regarding Dr. Mary Walker's contributions to women's suffrage. The quotes detail her passion for women's suffrage and her willingness to go the extra mile. It can be used to demonstrate her passion for suffrage and can be used for quotes from Dr. Walker.

Woman Suffrage: Hearings Before the Committee on the Judiciary . Washington Government Printing Office, 1914.

This book details Dr. Mary Walker's contributions to women's suffrage. It contains her argument to members of congress why women should gain the right to vote and displays her passion for women's suffrage. It contains quotes from her argument as she explains how the Constitution defends her argument that women should have the right to vote.

"29 Jun 1977, Page 29 - The Courier News at Newspapers.com." *Newspapers.com*.

This source has information regarding Dr. Walker's Medal of Honor. It gives information on why the medal was rescinded and why it was then reinstated. It can be used to defend the argument that she was a pioneer in women's suffrage etc and can be used to show her importance in the Army and her influence as a surgeon.

"11 Jun 1919, Page 2 - The Eagle at Newspapers.com." *Newspapers.com*.

The article explains how Dr. Walker started to transform the image of women's attire. It explains how she was recognized by the president and contains information on how she was able to get laws passed. It also is a good timeline of how Dr. Walker influenced women's fashion and her impact on society.

Secondary Sources

"America in the 1860's." *America in the 1860s* | *Humanities Texas*, Sept. 2014.

This source provides information about the historical context of my topic. The article has information on many different aspects of the time period and goes into much detail. It can

be used to provide historical context on my topic and can be used to make the historical context page in the website.

“Changing the Face of Medicine | Mary Edwards Walker.” *U.S. National Library of Medicine, National Institutes of Health*, 3 June 2015.

This source offers information on the life of Mary Walker. It also includes pictures of her in pants, which she is famous for wearing as part of her fight for women's rights. The source also has quotes by Mary Walker which highlight her activism for women's rights.

“Dr. Mary E. Walker.” *National Archives and Records Administration*, National Archives and Records Administration.

This source has a picture of the Award Card for Dr. Walker's Medal of Honor. It has information on her childhood and how her parents raised her and talks about her role in the Army. It can be used to provide information on her role in the Army and on why she received the Medal of Honor.

“Dr. Mary Edwards Walker (U.S. National Park Service).” *National Parks Service*, U.S. Department of the Interior.

This source provides information on Dr. Walker's contributions in the army during the Civil War. It also has information on her general life and is a small biography of her lifetime. It can be used to inform the reader of her accomplishments and major events within her life.

Fitzgerald, Stephanie. *Mary Walker: Civil War Surgeon and Feminist.* Compass Point Books, 2009.

This source provides a lot of information about Dr. Walker's life. It goes into much detail about her time during the Civil War and her time spent fighting for women's suffrage. It can be used to defend the argument that she was very influential in advancements in women's suffrage, fashion and in women's rights overall.

Foster, Caitlin. “Here's the Story of Dr. Mary Edwards Walker - a Shotgun-Wielding Legend Who Is the Only Woman Ever to Get the Medal of Honor.” *Business Insider*, Business Insider, 21 Feb. 2019.

This source provides many pictures of Dr. Walker throughout time. It has pictures of her in her youth and her old age. It can be used for pictures in the website to add context and visual aid.

Harris, Sharon M. "A New Style for Suffragists." *Humanities*, vol. 27, no. 3, May 2006, pp. 22–25. *EBSCOhost*.

This article presents information about how Dr. Walker felt about women's fashion at the time. It also presents Dr. Walker's argument for why women should be allowed to wear men's style clothes and why women should choose to wear them over the traditional style. The article can be used to argue Dr. Walker's influence on women's fashion and suffrage.

J., Debra. "Statue to Dr. Mary Edwards Walker to Be Dedicated Saturday." *Syracuse*, 9 May 2012.

This source has information on Dr. Walker's contributions to the Army and why she received the Medal of Honor. It also has information on her fight for the Medal after it was revoked, reflecting on her stubborn nature. It also has a quote which can be used to describe her wisdom and constant devotion to women's suffrage.

Lineberry, Cate. "I Wear My Own Clothes!" *The New York Times*, The New York Times, 2 Dec. 2013.

This source offers information on Dr. Walker's military career and her accomplishments as a surgeon. It goes into detail on her stubborn personality and headstrong ways. It also has information about her role as a women's rights activist. It can be used to defend the argument that Dr. Walker changed the future for all women.

"Mary Edwards Walker." *Britannica School*, Encyclopædia Britannica, 13 May. 2015. school.eb.com/levels/high/article/Mary-Edwards-Walker/126018. Accessed 29 Oct. 2019.

This website provides information on Dr. Walker's life and her contributions in the Army. It also has information on her Medal of Honor and how it was revoked and then reinstated. It can be used to provide basic information on her life and her accomplishments.

"Medal of Honour: Meaning of Medal of Honour by Lexico." *Lexico Dictionaries | English*, Lexico Dictionaries.

This source provided information that was used to define the Medal of Honor. It provides a concise and correct dictionary definition of the award. This can be used to help

the website reader understand what the award is, and can help them comprehend its prestige.

“Ready for Mischief” - Dr. Mary Walker and the Civil War. *National Museum of Civil War Medicine*, 25 Aug. 2017.

This source contains a lot of information on Dr. Walker's life. It also has pictures that can be used in the website to add visual context. It also contains a lot of information on Dr. Walker's army career.

“The Life of Dr. Mary Walker.” *YouTube*, YouTube.

This source has very detailed information on Dr. Walker's childhood and early life. It goes through her life in much detail and is very specific with many small yet important pieces of information included. It can be used to provide an overview of her life, and can be used to help describe Dr. Walker as a person.

Tousignant, Marylou. “Trailblazing Surgeon Mary Walker Still One of a Kind.” *The Washington Post*, WP Company, 8 Mar. 2016.

This source has information about Dr. Walker's childhood. It also has quotes from her family members on her resilience and stubbornness. It can be used to provide information about her childhood and her early life. The source also has two pictures of her. These can be used to show what she looked like and can show the type of clothing that she wore.

“Walker, Dr. Mary – Congressional - Medal of Honor, 1974 – 77.” *Search Page*.

This source has a lot of primary sources that contain a variety of information. It has newspaper headlines which can be used to show Dr. Walker's importance. They can also show what she was known for at the time. It also has articles on Dr. Walker's life that discuss her childhood and accomplishments as an adult. It has information on her Medal of Honor, why she received it and why it was revoked and then reinstated.